

# COMMITTEE AGAINST SEXUAL HARASSMENT/CHILD ABUSE



With regard to the Supreme Court Judgment and guidelines issued in 1997 to provide for the effective enforcement of the basic human right of gender equality and guarantee against sexual harassment and abuse, more particularly against sexual harassment at work places and schools, CBSE has issued circulars since 2004 to all the schools, advising them to establish a permanent cell and a committee and to develop guidelines to combat sexual harassment, violence against women and bullying at the schools. The Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act & Rules, 2012 deals with all manners of sexual offences, reporting mechanisms and subsequent penal consequences. Keeping this in mind, the Government of NCT of Delhi hopes to tackle the issues with a set of multidisciplinary prevention guidelines which are supported by legal provisions under the Delhi Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Rules, 2009 and the Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act 2012. These guidelines serve as a method for numerous stakeholders from teachers to community welfare associations to the police to ensure that all possible steps are taken to prevent Child Abuse and empower children to "recognize symptoms of potentially abusive situations. It has further advised the schools to be proactive by developing a conducive atmosphere on the campus, where the status of woman/ girl student is respected and they are treated equally without any bias or discrimination. Keeping the above guidelines in view, ST.JOSEPH'S ACADEMY, SARAI BAKHSH, SARAN, has constituted Committee Against Sexual Harassment.

## COMPOSITION

The Committee consists of members of the faculty, administration, service staff and students' representatives. The members of the committee for the current academic year 2026-27 are :-

S.N	Name	Designation	E-mail Address
1	Sima Kumari	Committee Head	<a href="mailto:lissimakumari@gmail.com">lissimakumari@gmail.com</a>
2	Richa Sharma	Member	<a href="mailto:richabiby123@gmail.com">richabiby123@gmail.com</a>
3	Banti Kumari	Member	<a href="mailto:bantikumari1000@gmail.com">bantikumari1000@gmail.com</a>
4	Subir Kumar	Member	<a href="mailto:subir191217@gmail.com">subir191217@gmail.com</a>
5	Narendra Kumar Singh	Member	<a href="mailto:narendrakumars659@gmail.com">narendrakumars659@gmail.com</a>
6	Rohit Prasad	Member	<a href="mailto:right.pd123@gmail.com">right.pd123@gmail.com</a>

## PROCEDURE FOR APPROACHING COMMITTEE

The Committee deals with issues relating to sexual harassment and child abuse at the ST. JOSEPH'S ACADEMY, SARAI BAKHSH, SARAN. It is applicable to all students, staffs and faculty. A complaint of discrimination or sexual harassment may be lodged by the victim or a third party. A written complaint may be addressed to the Chairman of the committee. If the complaint is made to any of the Committee members, they may forward it to the Chairman of the Committee against Sexual Harassment. Here it should be noted that according to the Supreme Court guideline Sexual harassment can be defined as "unwelcome" sexually determined behaviour (whether directly or by implication) as:

- Physical contact and advances;
- Demand or request for sexual favours
- Sexually coloured remarks;
- Allow children to engage in sexually provocative games with each other
- Showing pornography; and
- Other unwelcome physical, verbal or non-verbal conduct of a sexual nature.

- Showing pornography; and
- Other unwelcome physical, verbal or non - verbal conduct by the committee:

### The following is sexual harassment and is covered by the committee:

- Eve-teasing, Unsavoury remarks, Innuendos and taunts,
- Jokes causing or likely to cause awkwardness or embarrassment,
- Gender based insults or sexist remarks,
- Unwelcome sexual overtone in any manner such as over telephone (obnoxious telephone calls)
- Touching or brushing against any part of the body and the like,
- Displaying pornographic or offensive or derogatory pictures, cartoons, or sayings.
- Forcible physical touch or molestation
- Physical confinement against one's will and any other act likely to violate one's privacy.

## FUNCTIONS AND ROLE OF THE COMMITTEE

### 1. WORKSHOPS AND TRAINING MODULES:

ST. JOSEPH'S ACADEMY will conduct workshops and peer training sessions for students, parents and teachers, twice in a year. The aim of these workshops will be

- What constitutes abuse and exploitation?
- Manner of reporting and complaining (how and to whom)
- To address the nature, cause and effect of abuse
- To counter and deal with the consequences constructively
- Self disclosure and safety guidelines for potential instances ahead

### 2.ROLE OF STUDENT REPRESENTATIVES:

The committee will elect and appoint 15 student representatives (Senior & Junior School) who will play the following roles:

- Act as peer complaint mediators, with whom the students can discuss their issues
- Participate in peer workshops and work with teachers towards a plan of action
- Create peer facilitators within their own grades, who keep a track of any cases
- Report and observe the misbehaviour of any student for possible abuse/issue

### 3.EMPLOYEE AWARENESS ABOUT POC SO AND CHILD PROTECTION RIGHTS:

- An annexure highlighting safety rules will be circulated and signed by each employee which makes them aware of their rights as well as duties
- The act against any form of abuse will be put up at a visible board for easy access
- The complaint protocol and manner of reporting will be written alongside and made visible through notice boards and displays

### 4. ANNUAL REPORTS:

Mrs. Sima Kumari and Mrs. Banti Kumari will maintain an annual record of:

- Cases (reported)
- Time bound actions followed
- Confidentiality and equality ensured for the person in question
- Follow up actions: punishments or otherwise
- Teacher initiatives
- Redressal and resolving of the cases

### 5.MEETINGS AND TIMELY DISCUSSIONS OF THE COMMITTEE:

The Committee will also hold timely meetings, to discuss the plan of actions, potential cases, queries and updates which will be supervised by the Principal/Vice Principal.

This will ensure the functioning and progress of the implemented ideas within the school.

ANNEXURE  
SECTION I  
FUNDAMENTALS OF CHILD PROTECTION

• What is a Child Protection Policy?

A Child Protection Policy is a statement of intent that demonstrates the commitment to safeguarding children from harm and makes clear to all in an institution and who come into contact with it what is required in relation to the protection of children, and that child abuse in any form is unacceptable.

Though the main purpose of the policy is to protect children from all forms of harm and create an enabling environment, it is also a tool to enhance the commitment of the organization to provide a child friendly environment through sensitizing persons associated and enforcing this policy.

• What is Child Abuse?

Child abuse means any form of maltreatment inflicted on a child including physical abuse, sexual abuse and emotional abuse.

Indicators of Abuse

Physical & Sexual Abuse

- Unexplained burns, cuts, bruises or welts in the shape of an object
- Bite marks
- Anti-social, violent and/or abrasive behaviour
- Problems in school
- Fear of adults
- Drug or alcohol abuse
- Self destructive or suicidal behaviour
- Depression or poor self image

Emotional Abuse

- Nightmares and bedwetting
- Drastic changes in appetite
- Over compliance or excessive aggression
- Fear of a particular person
- Withdrawal, secretiveness or depression
- Suicidal behaviour
- Eating disorders

Article 23

Parties recognize that a mentally or physically disabled child should enjoy a full and decent life, in conditions which ensure dignity, promote self-reliance and facilitate the child's active participation in the community.

Article 28

Parties shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that school discipline is administered in a manner consistent with the child's human dignity and in conformity with the present Convention.

Article 34

Parties undertake to protect the child from all forms of sexual exploitation and sexual abuse.

1. The inducement or coercion of a child to engage in any unlawful sexual activity;
2. The exploitative use of children in prostitution or other unlawful sexual practices;
3. The exploitative use of children in pornographic performances and materials.

Legal framework for Child Protection in India

1. The Constitution of India
2. The Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act, 2012
3. The Juvenile Justice (Care & Protection of Children) Act, 2000 and The Delhi Juvenile Justice (Care & Protection of Children) Rules 2009
4. The Right of Children to Free and Compulsory Education Act, 2006

## SECTION II

### Appropriate Standards of Behaviour for Staff & Employees Adults should:

1. Provide an enabling environment for children's personal, physical, social, emotional, moral and intellectual development.
2. Encourage and respect other employees and children's voices and views.
3. Be inclusive and involve all children without selection or exclusion on the basis of gender, disability, ethnicity, religion or any other status.
4. Be aware of the potential for peer abuse (eg: children bullying, discriminating against, victimizing or abusing children).
5. Develop special measures/supervision to protect younger and especially vulnerable children from peer and adult abuse.
6. Be aware of high risk peer situations (eg: unsupervised mixing of older and younger children and possibility of discrimination against minors).
7. Avoid placing oneself in compromising or vulnerable situation when meeting with children.
8. Meet with a child in a public, central location whenever possible.
9. Immediately report the circumstances of any situation which occurs which may be subject to misinterpretation.

### Inappropriate/Offensive behaviour for staff and employees:

1. Hit or otherwise physically assault a child.
2. Turn out a child from the residential facility.
3. Use language that will mentally or emotionally abuse
4. Show discrimination of race, culture, age, gender, disability, religion, sexuality, political persuasion or any other status.
5. Develop a sexual relation with a child.
6. Kiss, hug, fondle, rub or touch a child in an inappropriate or culturally insensitive way.
7. Do things of a personal nature that a child could do for him/herself, including dressing, bathing and grooming.
8. Initiate physical contact unless initiated by the child (eg: holding hands).
9. Suggest inappropriate behaviour or relations of any kind.
10. Allow children to engage in sexually provocative games with each other.
11. Stand aside when they see inappropriate actions inflicted by children on other children because it is frequent and commonplace.

### Behaviour Protocols for volunteers & staff members:

1. Should not give cash or any kind of gifts directly to the children, but always channelize the same through officials.
2. Should not collect photos, videos, or stories of children and/or upload the same on blogs or any social networking sites without prior permission from the authority.
3. Should not ask personal details of the child without a certain reason and if known, then not to divulge it to others.